

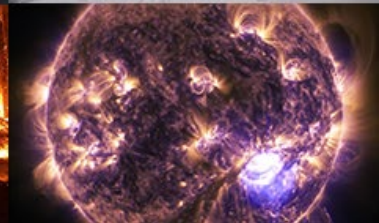
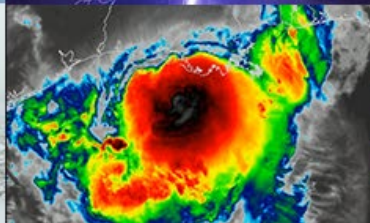


**NATIONAL
WEATHER
SERVICE**

Future Evolution of NCEP Operational Prediction Systems

Vijay Tallapragada, Senior Scientist
NOAA/NWS/NCEP Environmental Modeling Center

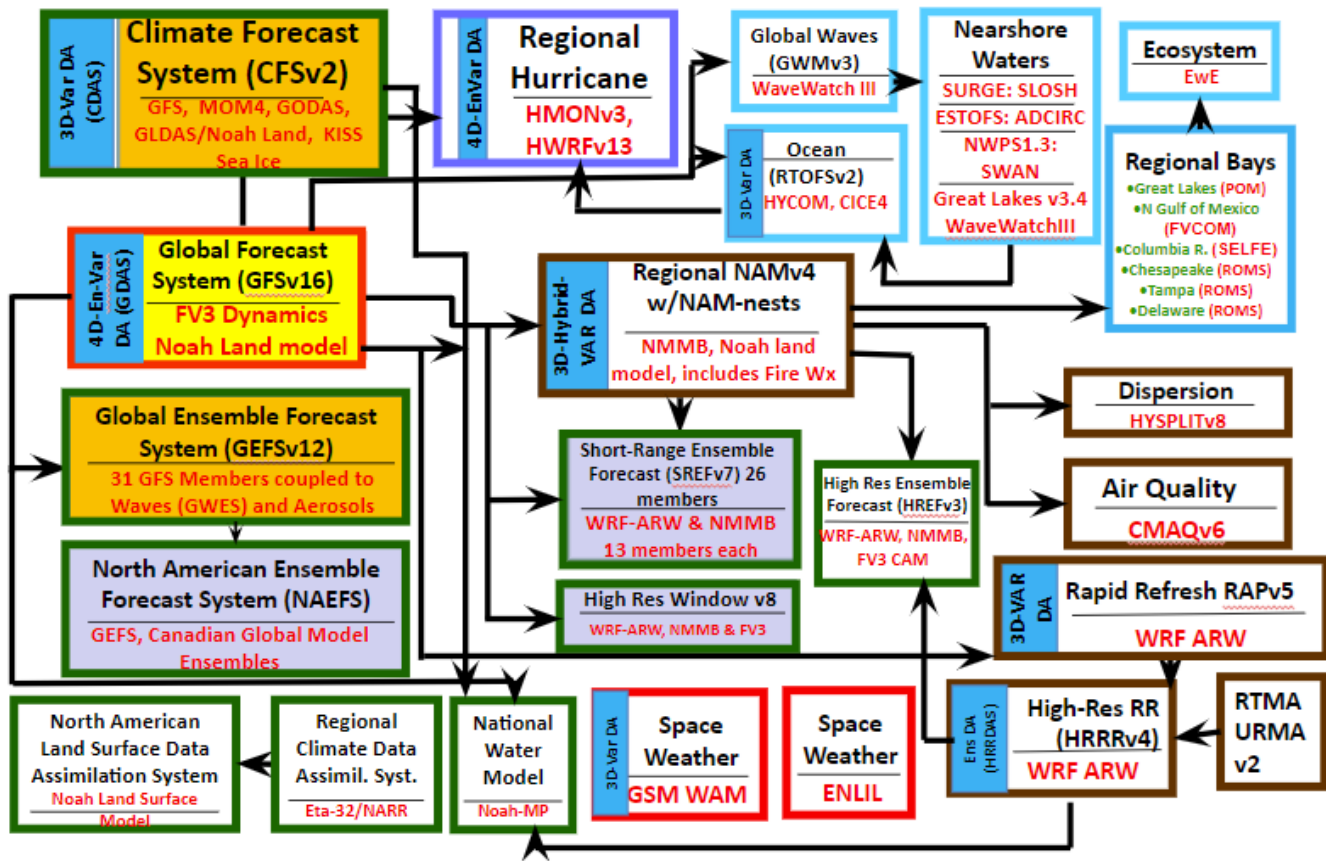
NMME: Meeting Future Needs Workshop, June 21, 2023



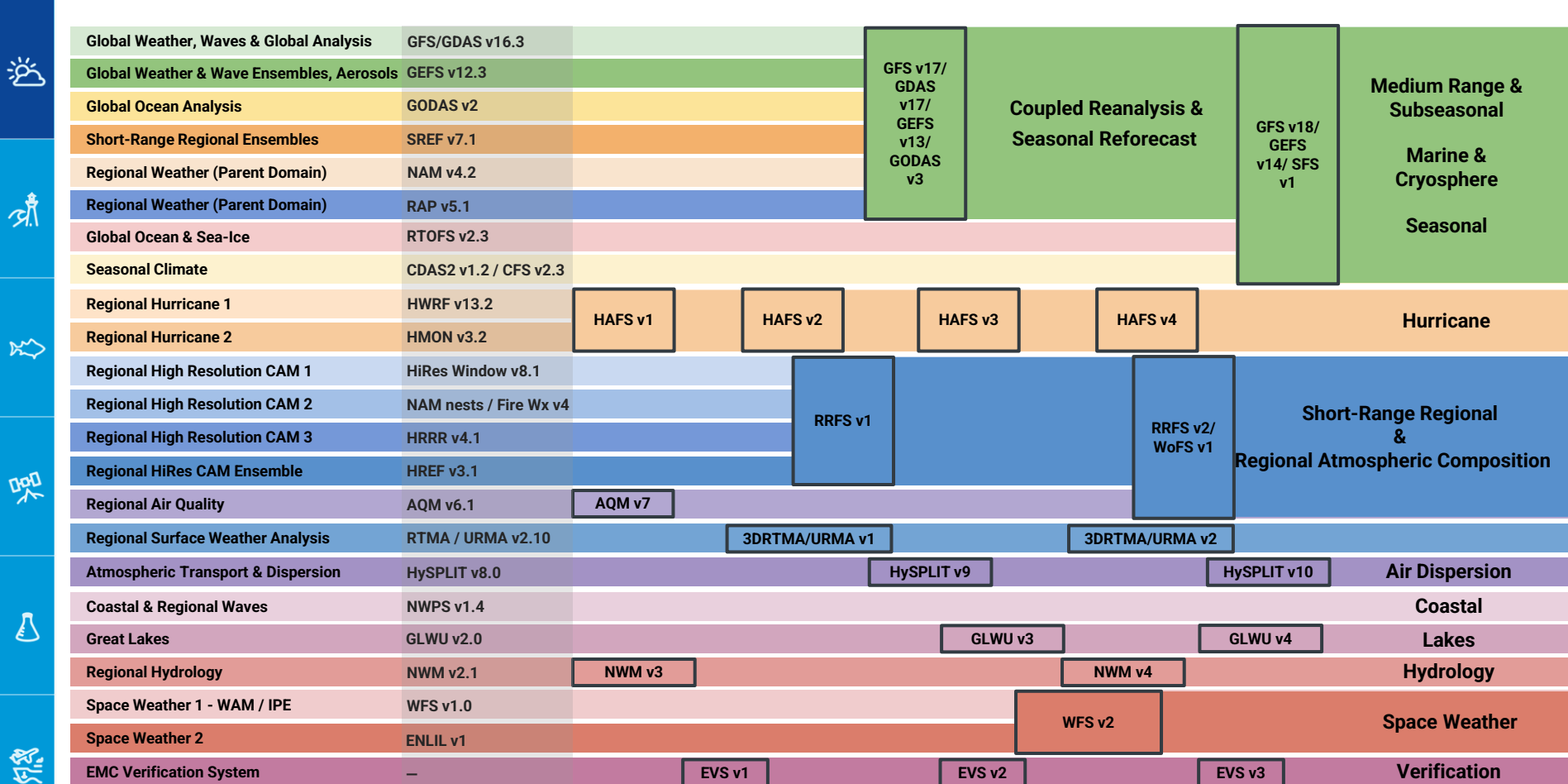
Outline

- **Current State-of-the-art of NCEP Production Suite**
- **NCEP Production Suite Simplification**
- **UFS Coupled Model for MRW/S2S**
- **Challenges & Opportunities**

Current State of NCEP Production Suite



- NCEP operates more than 38 distinct modeling systems to meet the stakeholder requirements
- Quilt of Models developed to meet the service needs over a long period of time
- Simplification of NCEP Production Suite is critical to reduce redundancy and improve efficiency



Transition to UFS Applications





Develop



Purpose:

- Describe operation planned
- How the Strategic Unified F Strategic
- How EM model-re NOAA a modeling



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
 NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE



on plan



NCEP ENVIRONMENTAL MODELING CENTER (EMC)

5-YEAR IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (FY23-FY27)

TRANSITIONING NCEP PRODUCTION SUITE TO UFS APPLICATIONS

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The UFS Community



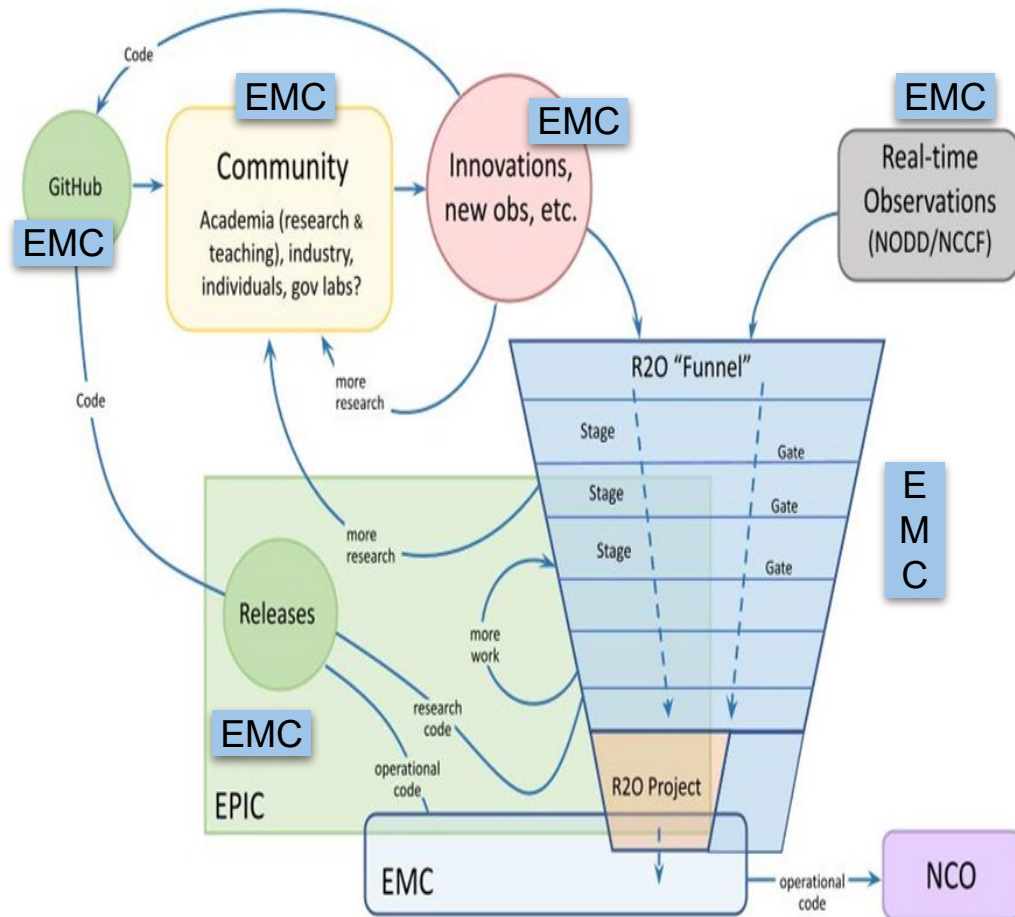
NOAA Programs that Support UFS

- **NWS/OSTI Modeling Programs:** NGGPS, Weeks 3&4, HFIP
- **OAR/WPO Programs:** EPIC, JTTI, S2S, Atmospheric Composition
- **Disaster Supplementals FY18, FY19, FY22 and Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation FY22**

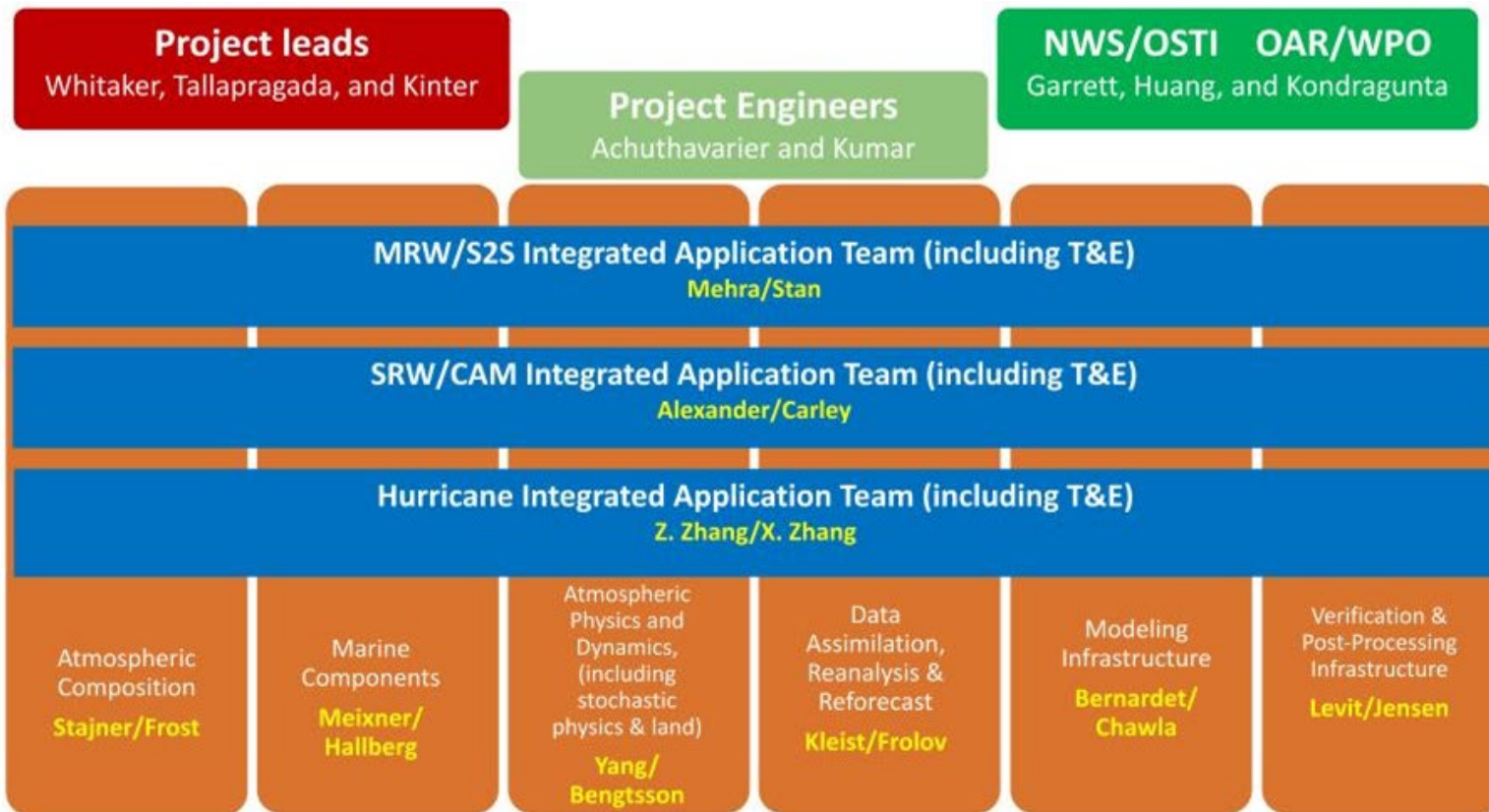


UFS Research-to-Operations (UFS R2O) Project

- **Three year project (FY20-23) with 5-year vision**
- Developing the next-generation global and regional forecast systems and transition to NOAA operations in **FY23 and beyond**
- Jointly supported by NOAA NWS and OAR
- Community team (NOAA, NCAR, JCSDA, Academia)
- Website: <https://vlab.noaa.gov/web/ufs-r2o>



UFS-R20 Project



***Not all UFS Applications are currently supported by the UFS-R20 Project**



UFS-based Coupled Model Development

- Each of these is a working coupled application, which is either operational or under active development

FV3GFS – WW3

Impact of waves on atmospheric stress at ocean surface

FV3GFS – CHEM

Atmosphere and Aerosols interaction

ADCIRC – WW3 – NWM

Wave, Surge and Inundation coupling

DATM – MOM6 – CICE6

Ocean Ice coupled model with Data Atmosphere for developing Marine DA.

FV3HAFS- HYCOM

Hurricane Analysis and Forecast System

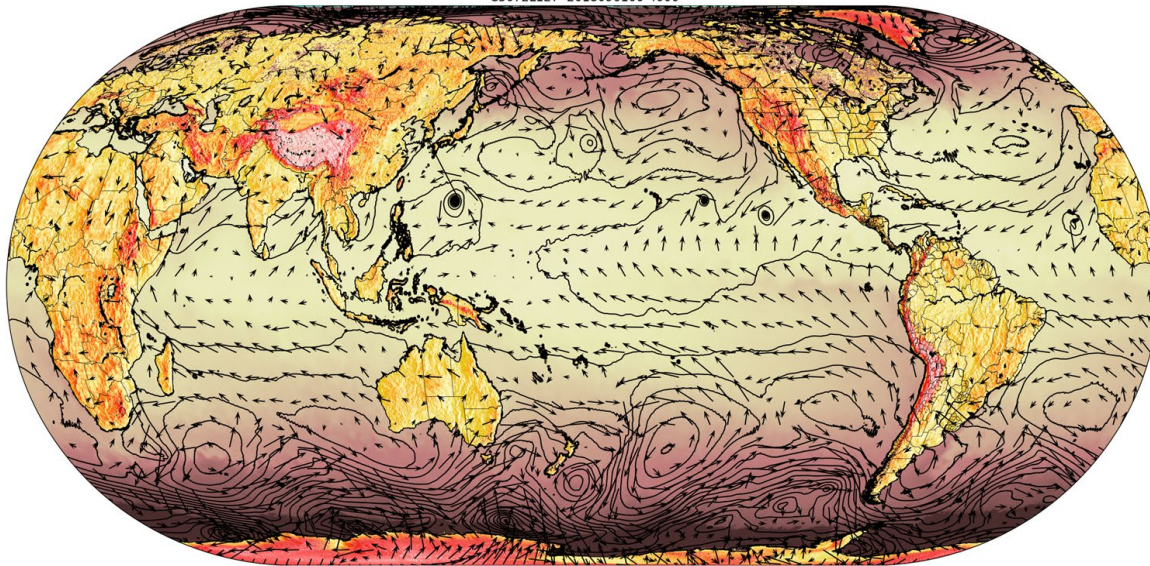
FV3GFS – MOM6 – CICE6 – WW3 – NOAH-MP – GOCART

Global MRW-S2S Applications

MRW/S2S: Building a Six-Way Global Coupled Unified Forecast System

For future GFS, GEFS and SFS

Warm shade: Surface Temp, Contour: MSLP, Cool shade: Convective Cloud Cover, Arrows: 10m Wind
C3072L127 2018090100 1000



UFS Earth System Model Components:

- FV3 (Atmosphere)
- MOM6 (Ocean)
- CICE6 (Sea Ice)
- WW3 (Waves)
- NOAA-MP (Land)
- GOCART (Aerosols)

A fully coupled UFS serves as a foundation for future operational global forecast systems at NOAA/NWS/NCEP ranging from weather to subseasonal to seasonal scales.

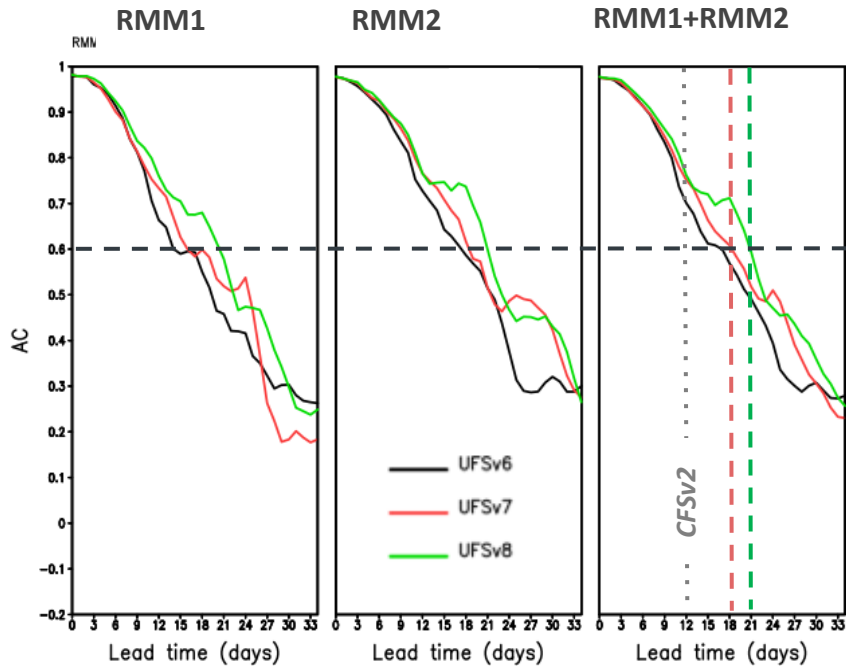
Coupled UFS Prototypes 1–8

Prototype	Atmospheric Model C384 (~0.25 degree) horizontal resolution			Ocean Model Tripolar ~0.25 degree horizontal resolution	Wave Model Regular lat/lon 0.5 degree grid	Ice Model Tripolar ~0.25 degree horizontal resolution	Mediator
	Dynamical Model	Physics Settings & Driver	Land Model				
P1	FV3 64 layers, Non-Fractional grid (model top at 54km)	GFSv15.2, IPD driver	Noah LSM	MOM6	N/A	CICE5	NEMS
P2							
P3.1							
P4		GFSv15.2, CCPP driver					
P5							
P6	GFSv16	Noah-MP LSM	WW3	CICE6 (Mushy TD not turned on)	CMEPS		
P7	Modified GFSv16						
P8	Further Modified GFSv16					Modified Noah-MP LSM	CICE6 (Mushy TD turned on)

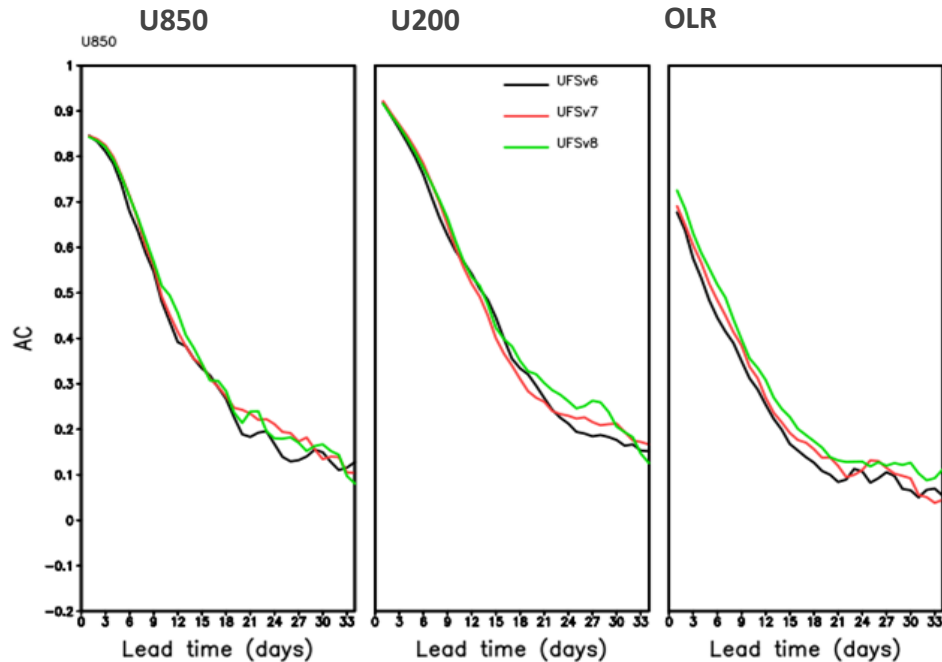
(P8+ includes one-way coupled aerosols)

MJO Skill from various UFS Coupled Model Prototypes

AC for RMM1/RMM2/RMM1&RMM2



AC for Equatorially Filtered U850/U200/OLR



- MJO skill highest of all prototypes
- 21 days to AC=0.6
- Largest improvement from OLR

NCEP Global Ensemble Forecast System (**Configuration**)

Components		V12 (Oct. 2020)	V13 (Q2FY25)
Atmos	Dynamics	FV3 (Finite-Vol Cubed-Sphere) GFSv15	FV3 (Finite-Vol Cubed-Sphere) GFSv17
	Physics	saSAS, GFDL-MP, K-EDMF, oroGWD	saSAS, Thompson-MP , sa-TKE-EDMF, uGWD
	Initial perturbation	EnKF f06 (previous cycle)	EnKF f00 (early cycle)
	Model uncertainty	5-scale SPPT and SKEB	5-scale SPPT, SKEB, SPP, CA
	Boundary (ocean surface)	NSST + 2-tiered SST	NSST
	Resolutions	C384L64 (25km)	C384L127 (25km)
Land	Model	NOAH-LSM	NOAH-MP
	Initial perturbation	N/A	Soil moisture
Ocean	Model	N/A	MOM6 (0.25°L75)
	Initial perturbation	N/A	SOCA-Ens
	Model uncertainty	N/A	5-scale oSPPT and ePBL
Ice	Model	N/A	CICE6 (0.25°)
	Initial condition	N/A	SOCA-Ens
Wave	Model	WW3 (one way)	WW3 (2-way) (0.25° lat/lon grid)
Aerosol	Model	GOCART (one way)	GOCART (2-way)



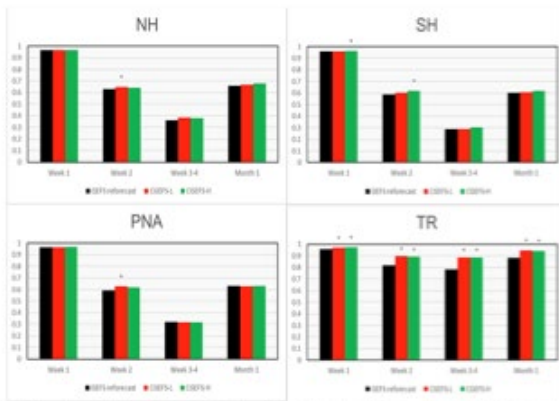
GEFSv13 Prototype Experiments - EOS highlights

Eos

A New Coupled Modeling System Improves Forecast Skills

Building on older versions, the new Global Ensemble Forecast System with coupled atmosphere-land-ocean-ice-wave models has better forecasting skills

By Minghua Zhang
21 February 2023



Among variables (200 hPa of 1000 hPa surface geopotential height, 500 hPa using the reanalysis coupled GEFs4 or 25 observed horizontal wind), the coupled system (GEFs13) outperforms the uncoupled system (GEFs4) and GEFs-forecast in the Northern Hemisphere (NH), the Southern Hemisphere (SH), the Pacific-North America (PNA) region, and the Tropics (TR). The figure shows the difference between GEFs13 and GEFs4.

Editor's highlights are summaries of recent papers by JGR's journal editors.

Source: *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres*

Improving the skills of weather forecasts with longer lead time is a perpetual challenge to the scientific and operational weather forecast community. In a new study, [Zhu et al. \[2023\]](#) describe one milestone of the forecasting system at the [National Centers for Environmental Prediction](#) (NCEP) with lead time of one to two four weeks.

Built on top of the current operational [Global Ensemble Forecast System](#) version 12 (GEFSv12), a new system is developed by fully coupling the atmosphere, land, ocean, ice and waves. Forecasting skills are assessed by using anomalies of 500 hPa geopotential height, atmospheric zonal winds at different heights, tracks and intensity of tropical cyclones, and the Madden-Julian Oscillation (MJO) among others. The new system is shown to have better forecast skills at different lead times than the uncoupled system.

Citation: Zhu, Y., Fu, B., Yang, B., Guan, H., Sinsky, E., Li, W., et al. (2023). Quantify the coupled GEFS forecast uncertainty for the weather and subseasonal prediction. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres*, 128, e2022JD037757. <https://doi.org/10.1029/2022JD037757>

—Minghua Zhang, outgoing Editor in Chief, *JGR: Atmospheres*

Editor's highlights - *JGR Atmosphere* (2023)

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GEFSv13 Reanalysis

- **Replay analysis**

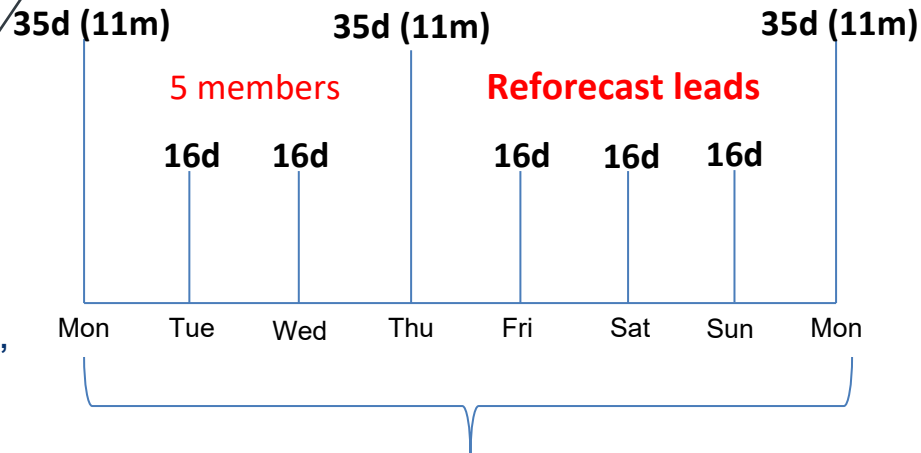
- 30 years (1994- 2023)
- HR1 model
 - Atmos-C384L127; Ocn-MOM6 $\frac{1}{4}$ dL75; Ice-CICE6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d and et al.
- ERA5 atmosphere reanalysis
- ORAS5 ocean analysis
- Ice and wave - self cycling
- IAU process
- 6 streams (6 years for each stream with one-year spinup)
- On cloud (AWS)

GEFSv13 Reforecasts

- Reforecast
 - 30 years (1994-2023)
 - EMC runs on WCOSS2
- Model configuration
 - Ensemble prototype 4 (HR1 at C384 ¼ d resolution)
- Configuration
 - 5 members, out to 16 days at each 00UTC initial time
 - 11 members, out to 35 days (or 48 days) at Monday and Thursday*
 - *under discussion of optimum way to generate 48 days hindcast
- HPC resources
 - One year: 1400 nodes on WCOSS2 (devmax?)
- Selected variables to save on disk
 - Work on the details
- Replay reforecast demonstration
 - 19 months
 - evaluations from EMC (6 reports); CPC (3 reports), OWP (1 report)

CPC and OWP have approved GEFSv13 configurations through 19 months reforecast demonstration

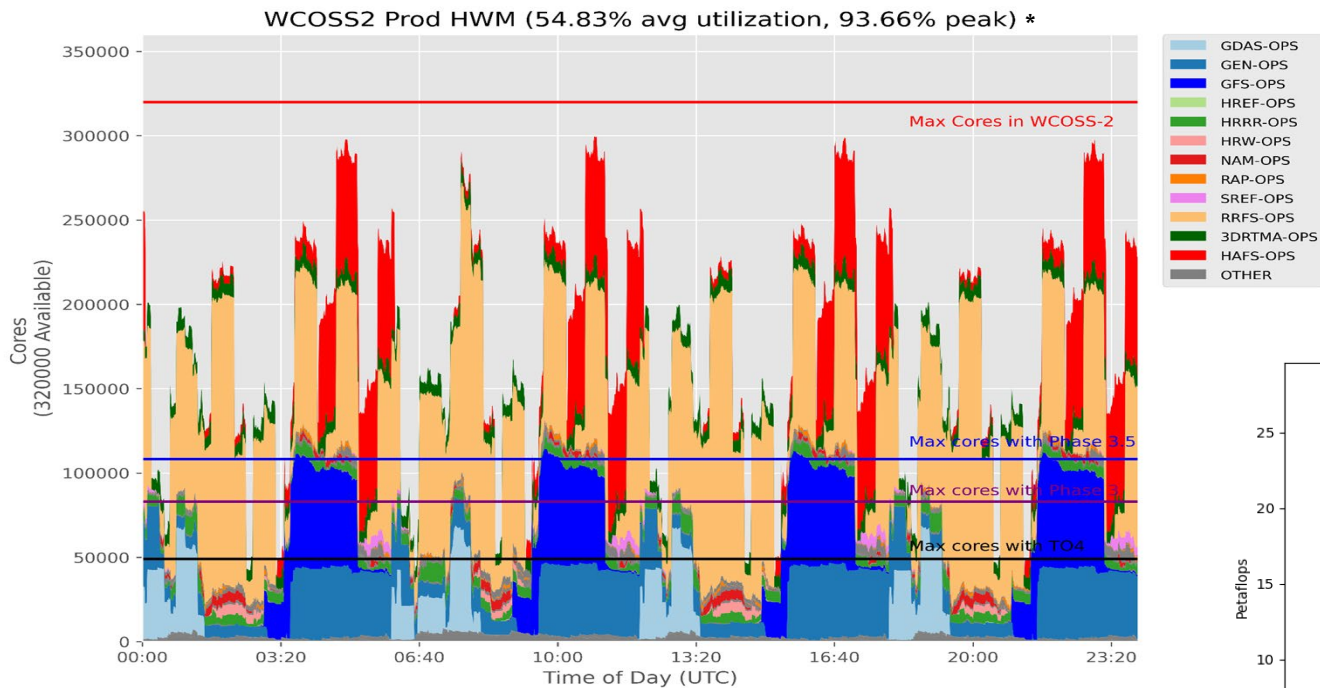
11/5 members, every day at 00UTC



SFSv1 Development Priorities

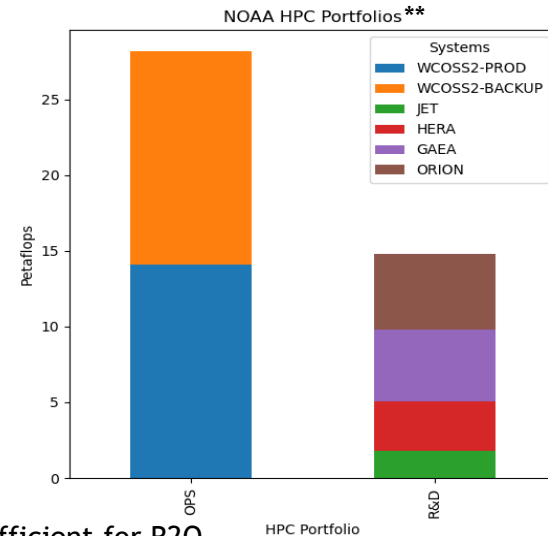
- Coupled reanalysis should provide balanced *initializations* across interfaces between coupled model components that maximize source of long-term predictability, e.g. from *ocean, sea ice and land*
- Coupled model should minimize systematic drift from initial conditions and minimize false alarms for extreme events, e.g. overconfident in *El Nino forecast*
- Ensemble forecasts should provide best *estimation of uncertainties*
- Improvements in physics/dynamics and model components should *reduce systematic biases* and improve forecast skill
- *SFS infrastructure* should provide critical support to model coupling, testing, evaluation and eventual transition to operations
- SFS developments should be incorporated into **UFS repositories**

Challenges: HPC Resources



* WCROSS2 is expected to increase capacity by about 20% later this year

** Significant increase in R&D HPC is anticipated from DRSA and IJJA, still may be insufficient for R20



Future evolution of NCEP Production Suite: Key Points

*

- Future evolution of NCEP Production Suite is expected to be simplified using UFS Coupled Model Applications
- GEFSv13 and SFSv1 will become flagship NCEP Operational Applications for Ensemble based S2S predictions **
- EMC plays an important role in the UFS Community for O2R and R2O
- Building sustainable partnerships with the research community is critical



Thank you!

